

Stakeholder engagement in the context of resultsbased payment schemes – the experience of Ireland

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LIFE IP Wild Atlantic Nature

Key objective = high <u>quality</u>
habitats, sensitive to <u>local</u>
contexts that deliver for the
environment, farmers and
local communities













What have we learned in the past 30 years?

Success factors	Description
Clearly defined objectives and indicators	Ensure common understanding related to objectives and how to achieve them
Appropriate supports for farmers	Appropriate advice, training, regulatory, financial, scientific, peer-to-peer and technical supports
Participatory processes	Engaging farmers' knowledge and experience and active involvement of farmers in decision-making
Autonomy and flexibility	Retain freedom to balance agriculture, restoration and conservation through adaptive management
Locally-adapted	Suitable for social and institutional context
Integration with policy	Compatibility with existing policy and opportunity to influence future policy











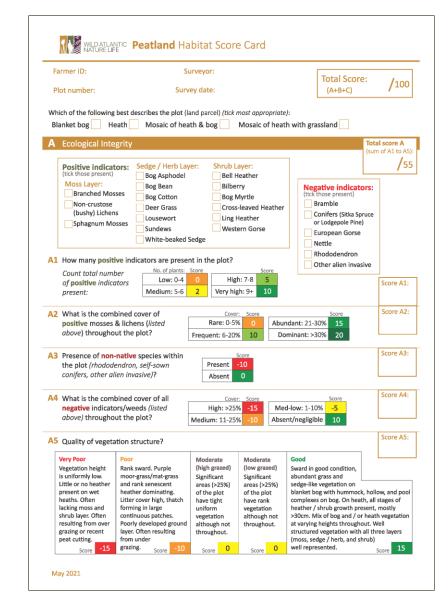






(Hybrid) Resultsbased agrienvironment programme (RBPS)











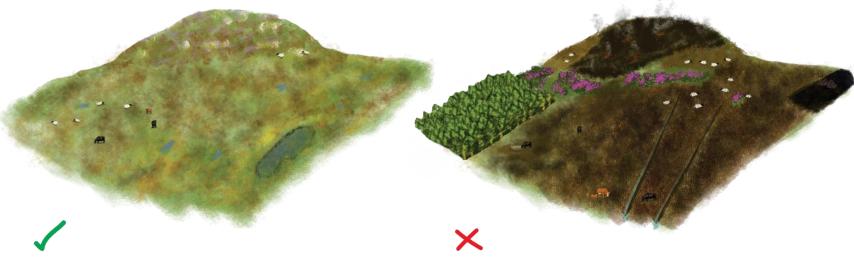






HIGHER SCORING fields:

LOWER SCORING fields:



- Positive indicator plants
- Good vegetation structure
- No artificial drainage
- Natural wet features
- No bare soil
- Absence of invasive non-native species
- Absence or very few negative indicator plants
- No active turbary
- No evidence of damaging activities (e.g. dumping, quarrying, herbicide use)

- Negative indicator plants
- Poor vegetation structure
- Artificial drainage
- Poached or bare ground
- Scrub encroachment
- Invasive non-native species (e.g. self-sown conifers, rhododendron)
- Turbary
- Burning
- Damaging activities (e.g. dumping, quarrying, herbicide use)

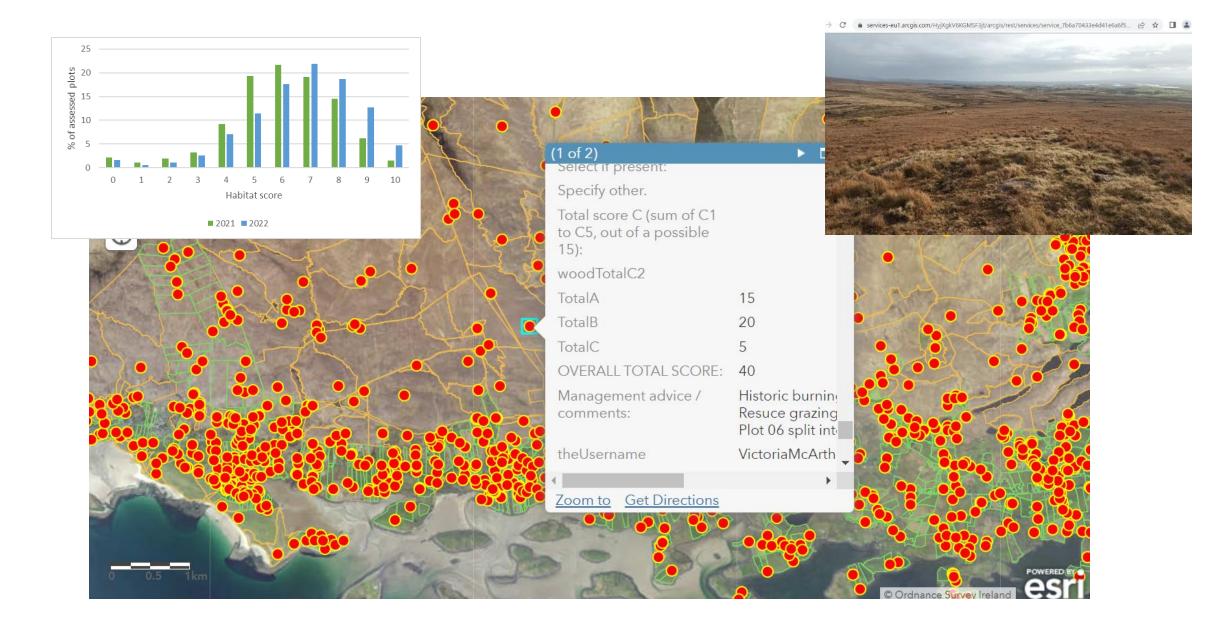












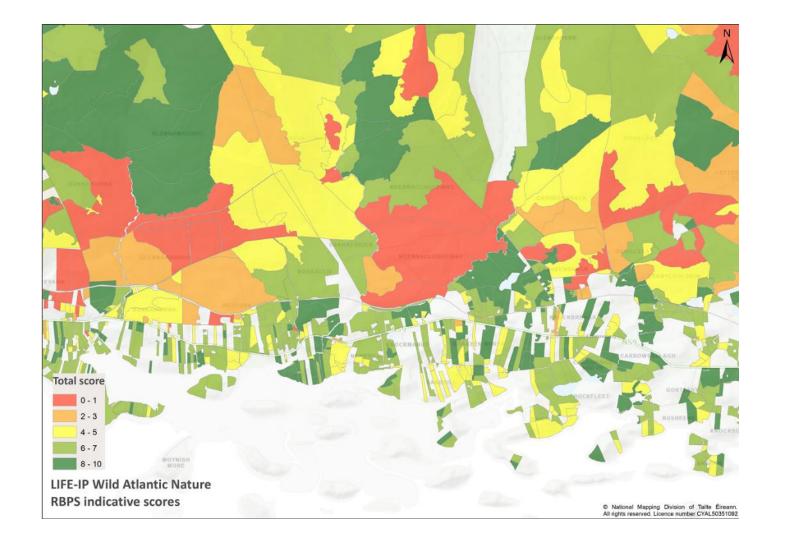














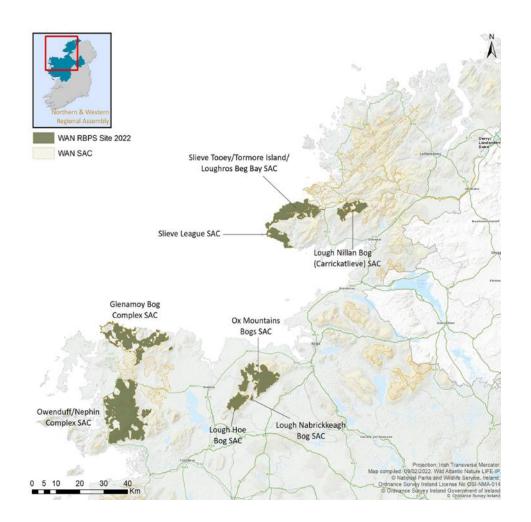








LIFE IP Wild Atlantic Nature RBPS 2021/2022



- 50 farmer information events, 600 attendees
- 823 farmers (>85% uptake)
- 52 advisors trained
- 19 RBPS training events for farmers
- 6 workshops, 100 public servants and others
- 26 cross-sector collaboration events
- 7 RBPS dissemination workshops
- 63,000ha land surveyed 6,000 plots
- ~ €3m direct farmer payments
- >100 restoration actions funded
- Network of demonstration farms









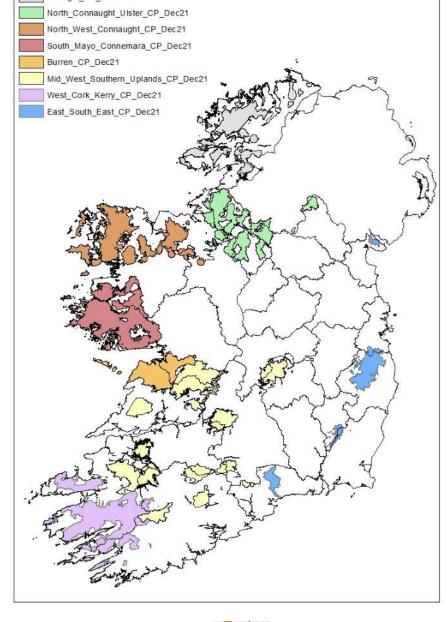


Upscaling of RBPS approach

- Eight ACRES Cooperation Project teams
- Roll-out of results-based model to 20,000 farmers
 - Results-based, supporting actions & landscape scale payments
 - Funded via CSP AECM, NPIs, Cooperation Articles

We now have an implementation mechanism for conservation measures & restoration actions

- Integration of land use policies
- Incentivises delivery of environmental services (water, biodiversity, climate)













RBPS approach, as a driver for restoration (positive feedback loop)















A locally embedded nature conservation programme, guided by national policies on biodiversity, climate, and water

Policy driven

- Birds and Habitats Directive
- National Biodiversity Action Plan
- Nature Restoration Regulation
- Common Agricultural Policy
- Water Framework Directive
- Climate Action Plan



Locally embedded

- Creating local employment
- Building knowledge and skills
- Raising awareness and education
- Engaging local stakeholders
- Sensitive to land management
- Meeting policy objectives









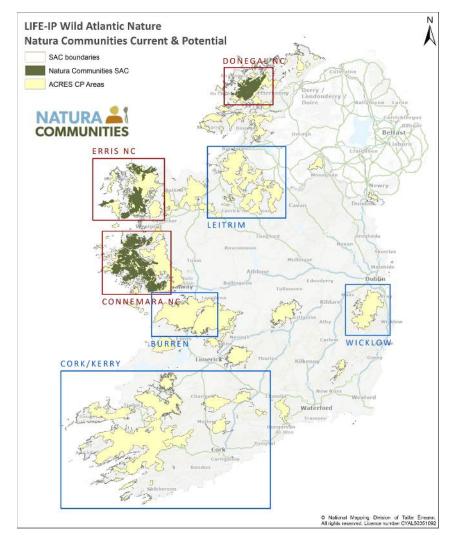


Building capacity to enable community-led nature conservation

















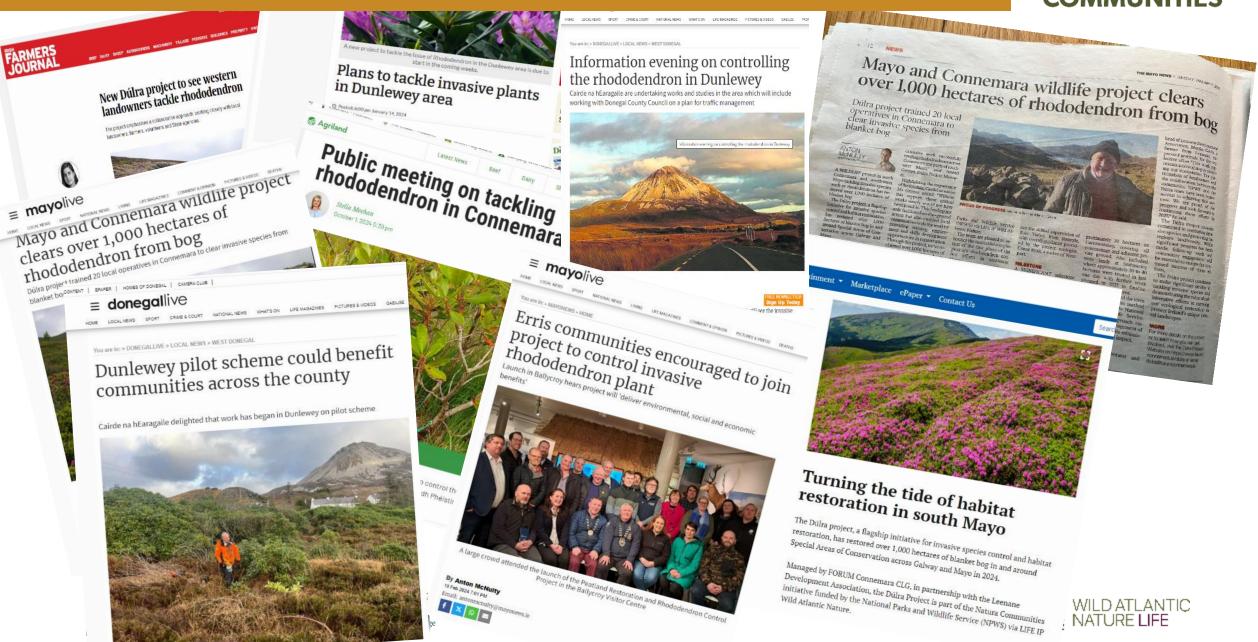






Building capacity to enable community-led nature conservation





Delivery of large-scale restoration projects

- Leveraging (non-CAP) funding
 - Outside scope of CAP
 - Co-designed with landowners & local stakeholders
 - Benefits for landowners & the environment























Capacity building: Training, knowledge, new networks

















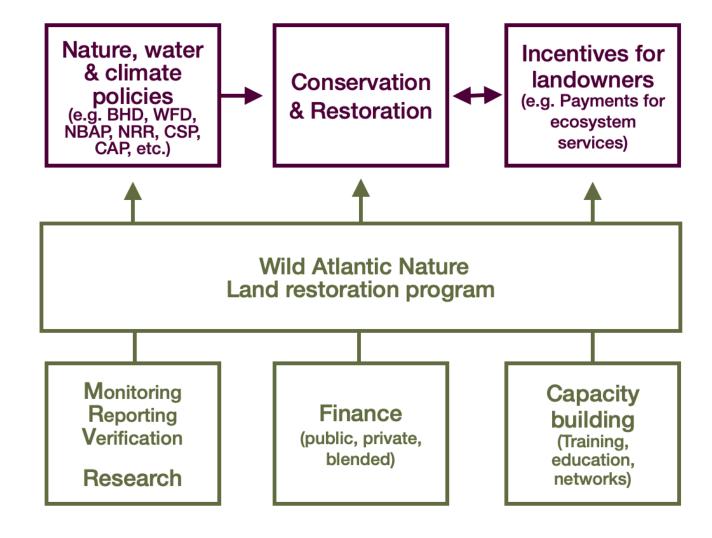








Towards an integrated approach to (peatland) conservation













Key messages

- (Hybrid)RBPS approach is an effective mechanism to deliver small and large-scale conservation and restoration
- Well-designed RBPS can align and integrate multiple policies
- RBPS can deliver cross-sector collaboration
- Complementary processes are required to manage delivery
- Consideration of the social and institutional context can improve project effects
- Need for long-term funding mechanisms













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